Remario Richards | Shervain Barett

1303783| 0000000

MOH PROLOG DoCUMENTATION

**User Manual**

The following contains all the necessary instructions needed to utilize the program. The software was design from the perspective of an administrator, which is to say that the administrators controls everything from login, to querying of data. The only exception is data input from the user.

There are five scenes or components in the program, firstly the login for the administrator default username and password is [admin]. Credentials are recommended to change, this is only demonstration purposes only. After successful login, the user is posed with two options, either they query the knowledge base or input data. Only the administrator can query the system, and the user can only input the relevant data which must be administered for transparency purposes.

The following includes all the fields required for user information input.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Name | User name |
| Age | User age |
| Ethnicity | User Ethnicity |
| Feet (height) | User height in feet |
| Inches(height) | User height in inches |
| Weight(kg) | User weight in kilograms |
| Waist Circumference | User Waist Circumference in centimeters |
| Gender | M – male | F - female |
| The following below are true and false genial questions for previous family history. When selecting you’re in the program hover over the radio button to see a short description. |

(Have any of the members of your immediate family or other)

(Relatives been diagnosed with diabetes (type 1 or type 2))

(0 - No)

(1 - Yes (grandparent, aunt, uncle or cousins))

(2 - Yes (parent, sibling, and child))

The following are general questions regarding health status.

(Do you exercise at least 30 minutes every day (Yes/No)?)

(Do you eat vegetables or fruits every day (Yes/No)?)

(Have you ever taken medication for high blood pressure on regular basis (Yes/No)?)

(Have you ever been found to have high blood glucose (Yes/No)?)

After successful input for the aforementioned various information set. The user will be greet with a list of specific recommended steps to enhance their lifestyle. Thus alleviating their chances of type 2 diabetes. The user will also be shown their current status in developing type 2 diabetes within 10 years. Ranging from status such as low, slightly elevated and of course highly elevated.

**Administrator section.**

The following details all the necessary instruction’s needed to use query the knowledge base. After successful login, the admin can query the database by selectively clicking the query action. The following are all the current query actions and returned results.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| stat\_min\_age | Gets the minimum age in database |
| stat\_max\_age | Gets the maximum age in database |
| stat\_family\_history | Gets count of total family history |
| stat\_avg\_age | Get average age of all persons |
| stat\_num\_high\_risk | Counts number of high risk persons |
| stat\_user\_all | Get all info for person with Name | stat\_user\_all->nick |
| stat\_user\_weight | Get weight for person with Name | stat\_user\_weight->nick |
| stat\_user\_height | Get height for person with Name | stat\_user\_height->nick |
| stat\_user\_bmi | Get bmi for person with Name | stat\_user\_bmi->nick |
| stat\_user\_age | Get age for person with Name | stat\_user\_age->nick |
| stat\_user\_ethnicity | Get user ethnicity with Name | Stat\_user\_ethnicity->nick |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

**Project Group Report**

The project was built by Remario Richards and Shervain Barrett. They were two sub dividing roles, firstly the creation of the prolog knowledge base system(shervain) and the design and implementation of the graphical user interface and connection interpreter between java and prolog(Remario).

*Lessons learnt by Remario.*

**GUI**

In implementing the graphical user interface, i had learn about multiple scenes for which the user had to interact with. Learnt how to seamlessly transition from one scene to the next. Scenes are the actual user interface any person can interact with at any given moment in the program.

**JPL**

In connection jpl with java, this proved a very daunting task, they   were a lot hurdles ranging from path environment variables settings. To jpl initialization and class diagrams. The jpl journey was a complete learning experience. I learnt to mimic logic statements from prolog to java using symbolic classes.

*Lessons learnt by Shervain.*

**System Design Abstraction**

The design includes the java programming for graphical user interface implementation, particularly javafx. This framework was primarily chosen because, JavaFX is designed to provide applications with such sophisticated GUI features as smooth animation, web views, audio and video playback, and styles based on Cascading Style Sheets (CSS). Prolog was utilized for the knowledge base implementation, mainly due to the fact that prolog excels at declarative formal logic statements. The main java application comprised of three main classes. First the main class, this class includes all the constructs that was used to build the graphical user interface. Secondly the model class contains the models to represent the prolog logic statements. For the aforesaid the prolog/java interface (JPL) was incorporated into the application. JPL is a library using the SWI-Prolog foreign interface and the Java jni interface providing a bidirectional interface between Java and Prolog that can be used to embed Prolog in Java as well as for embedding Java in Prolog. In both setups it provides a re-entrant bidirectional interface. And finally a cascading style sheet for the overall look and feel of the program.